

# LIBRARY; SERVICES AND USES RESEARCHER IN INSTITUTIONS

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## ABSTRACT

This paper shows what is quality library service and uses in researcher of research in institutions. There is very close relation is library science and researcher in institution. The foundation of the relationship are beginning to be tested by shifts in the way that researcher work. Most researcher use digital find information to locate both digital and print-based source. Librarian they have helped the information they require. There are some significant difference between researchers and libraries “view as to the future role of libraries service in supporting research and there a need for dialogue between them to ensure that library service”. Library is an educational institution is an essential support mechanism in fulfilling the purpose of teaching learning in the institution. The provisions of library services maximum satisfy researcher need of information.

**Keywords:- Essential, dialogue, mechanism**

## I.INTRODUCTION

The Libraries support learning, teaching research and other educational function appropriate to their parent institutions. The most generally used library tools including extensive bibliographical, exhaustive summaries of research and research handbook, leaving for guides to reference works the detailed information. It thusly covers libraries which differ significantly of functions they fulfill and they service provide on researcher, form doctoral students. Libraries provide some services directly to researcher.

It is provide induction and training programmed to develop researcher skills. There is very wide area of researcher and institution reproduction key to attracting them. Libraries have an opportunity to use their skills to help researchers improve the quality of their findings applications, and to achieve the institution success in researcher. We shall respectively roles libraries play at different levels of the educational process. The main purpose of service the support of user, researcher in these needs of information service. The Definition of library the general definition of library can be expressed in these terms “Library is a collection of books for public use”.

## II.OBJECTIVE OF A STUDY

- 1) Some researchers the physical library is valued as a places to work and study .but if they not healthy environment so they are space of healthy environment in library researcher provides.
- 2) Access to knowledge, promote scholarly communication and provide information in support to research and instructional programmed.

# 1st International Conference on Multidisciplinary Research (ICMR-2018)



NIILM University, Kaithal, Haryana, (India)



4<sup>th</sup>-5<sup>th</sup> August 2018

[www.conferenceworld.in](http://www.conferenceworld.in)

ISBN:978-93-87793-38-5

- 3) Acquiring and maintaining the latest edition of journals, print and non- print media provide in researchers.
- 4) Library services to enable the user community to drive maximum benefit from the resource in researcher.
- 5) Libraries help researchers goal and achievement

### III.TYPES OF USER IN LIBRARY

Libraries user are different types but mainly teachers and doctoral scholars. For an effective information service as an information manager, he should ascertain about the information requirement of his library user. Information user can be categorized mainly into two groups, on the basis of their approach to information a libraries, they are: potential user and researcher. The majority of researchers of think that their institutions libraries are doing an effective job in provide the information they need to do their work , but they are considered the future participation and responsibilities of all those involved in the research cycle- researchers research institution and national bodies as well as challenge in future time in libraries.

### IV.THE FUTURE PROMOTION OF LIBRARY SERVICE AND RELATION IN RESEARCH COMMUNITY

The research community relations in the library service are future promotion. The researcher to use library service remotely and the re searchers are important use of service. The role of libraries social networking to share research based information. The library role is important in researcher information.

#### Selection and collection of material

The library shall have a print and non-print collection development policy. The policy shall spell out:-

- i. Responsibility of libraries in institution for the selection of information resource for according to researcher.
- ii. Researcher need and requirements
- iii. Collection material according to user, researcher by subject.
- iv. Mechanism for the selection of books, journal and others material of information.
- v. CD Rom and online database service CAS,DID

#### Basic collection of information resource material:

The library material collection of high quality each category user and researcher. Some points highlighted-

- 1) Reference books and Dictionaries , Encyclopedia , Handbook, manual, reports communities selection etc- 10%
- 2) Professional journal and magazines of interest of researcher etc. 20 %
- 3) Library resource of data base and microfilm, CDROM information source collection in user.
- 4) Referral service

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## Library maintenance and access tools in institutions:-

- The collection shall be institution subject wise standard scheme of classification.
- The collection of sequence by such as reference section, general section, textbook collection, and rare collection.
- There shall be catalogue arrange the different approaches satisfactory.
- The library shall be maintained both card catalogue and online service.

## Library service in Researcher-

- 1 Textbook service
- 2 Lending and inter library loan
- 3 Current awareness to literature, special journal preparation of current list reference, indexing and Abstracting on projects.
- 4 Information and reference service.

## V.LIBRARY AUTOMATION

Libraries to facilities the automation process the institution should acquire necessary hardware and software. The institutions may seek assistant from soul and koha selecting suitable for library work.

## VI.BUDGET IN LIBRARY SERVICE

The annual budget of the library should be sufficiently procuring additional titles as per norms of NCTE and NCERT and meet to expenses on newspapers, journal, magazines equipment and furniture. The institution should be helped Also by addition grant to rate to be determined by local conditions. The grant of institutions basis of per capita method formula. For the time being, this formula should be as follows: subject to local variation, the grant for books and journals should be Rs.15 per student registered in institution and Rs-200 per teacher and research scholars.

## VII.CONCLUSION

This study proved useful to investigating the level of user and satisfaction with the service of library. It provides an opportunity to understand the perceptions of researcher. The library study shows that a adequate collection and better facilities is effective an satisfying its researchers. A library is not only improved collection, service and facilities it responsible to the changes needs of library users in a rapidly changing information in researchers. The researcher also suggestion the need of update information of library service in computerized, better online data based information within the library premise and more comfortable furniture. We can conclude that the requirements of researcher can be completed by an institutions library.

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